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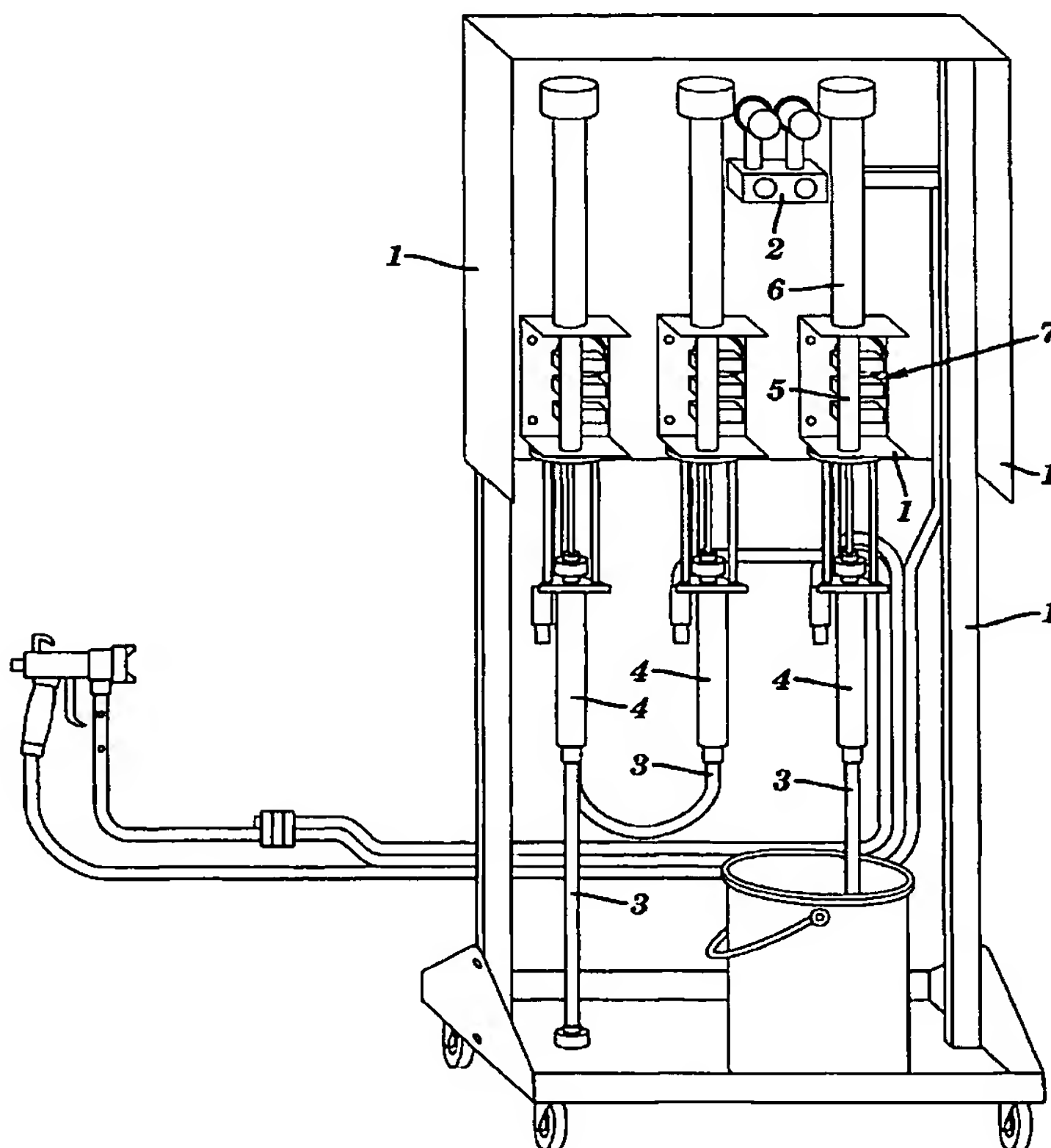
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(54) Title: ELECTRONIC PLURAL COMPONENT PROPORTIONER



(57) Abstract: An electronic apparatus is provided for dispensing plural component materials having first and second (and optionally third) components and a desired ratio between the components. The apparatus has first and second reciprocating pumps (4), each of the pumps (4) being connected to a source of one of said components, first and second reciprocating drivers (5), each driver (5) being connected to drive one of the pumps and forming a driver-pump set, a position sensor (6) attached to each driver-pump set, each position sensor (6) outputting increments of resolution corresponding to a fixed volume being pumped by the driver-pump set to which it is connected, and a controller attached to the drivers and the position sensors to alternately move one of the driver-pump sets one said increment and the other of the driver-pump sets the product of one increment and the ratio.

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*For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.*

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**ELECTRONIC PLURAL COMPONENT PROPORTIONER****TECHNICAL FIELD**

Mixing and dispensing apparatus for plural component materials.

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**RELATED APPLICATION**

Provisional US Application serial number 60/186405, filed March 2, 2000.

**BACKGROUND ART**

10           As plural component materials such as paints and the like have become more popular and widespread in recent years, there has been an increasing desire on the part of users of such materials for better solutions to mix and dispense those materials. The traditional low technology way of using such materials is commonly known as hot potting. In hot potting, the user merely pours the desired amounts of the two (or more  
15 recently three) components into a container, mixes them and then sprays or otherwise applies the material to a substrate. In addition to the mess involved in doing so, such use often results in inaccurate mixing and wasted material as often the total amount of material mixed is not utilized.

Mechanical proportioners such as Graco's HYDRA-CAT® are suitable in such applications yet provide no monitoring functions and often lack flexibility in the ratios and the types of material that can be metered and applied. Electronic proportioners have become more popular in recent years but tend to be relatively more expensive due to the expensive fluid meters involved.

### **DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION**

It is therefore an object of this invention to provide an electronic proportioner which may be produced relatively inexpensively and is more suited for lower end applications and yet which provides accurate metering and the ability to dispense two or three component materials with ratio assurance.

The invention is designed as a complete package to pump, pressurize, proportion, and dispense plural component paints and other materials. Individual material components (typically resin, catalyst and reducer also often referred to as components A, B and C) are supplied to simple reciprocating piston pumps through siphon hoses. The operation of the piston pumps are electronically and pneumatically controlled to pressurize and provide flow of the materials at the selected ratio through hoses attached to a mix manifold fluid pressure regulator. The materials combine at the mix manifold and pass through a length of hose to integrate the materials. A static mixer is used to thoroughly integrate and mix the materials. The mixed material is then dispensed from a spray gun and on to the substrate to be painted or coated. In the preferred embodiment, the package can supply from one to three individual components at ratios from 1:1(:1) to 8:1(:1). In situations where only one or two components will be dispensed, the control for the unused

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component(s) is(are) set to zero. The device also allows the user to dispense single and plural component paints on ratio and on demand without premixing the materials which significantly reduces the amount of wasted material.

The advantage of this design over existing designs of similar cost stem from the fact that the pumps are physically independent but electronically synchronized thus the ratios can cover a large range without any change in hardware. Fixed ratio mechanical proportioners require different size pumps to change ratio and variable ratio mechanical proportioners have a small range of ratio that can be achieved without replacing the pumps with different sized lowers. A ratio change procedure is slow because it involves a repetitive change and check procedure to get the ratio set to the target value. In the instant invention, the pumps can be run independently for actions such as flushing and priming. A mechanical proportioner with a ratio of 8:1 would typically waste 8 gallons of base to prime the catalyst pump and hoses. The electronic controller offers the capability of monitoring, shutting down, and giving the user a specific code if an error occurs. Such detectable errors can include pump over-travel (off ratio), position sensor failure, pump over-speed, ratio change during run or batch dispense, attempt to run when the ratio is set to zero and memory failure.

These and other objects and advantages of the invention will appear more fully from the following description made in conjunction with the accompanying drawings wherein like reference characters refer to the same or similar parts throughout the several views.

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS**

FIG. 1 is a rear view of the proportioner of the instant invention.

FIG. 2 is a front view of the proportioner of the instant invention.

FIG. 3 is a view of the control panel of the instant invention.

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**BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION**

The instant invention as shown in FIGS. 1 and 2 is generally comprised of a stand 1 having air controls 2 mounted thereon. Siphon hoses 3 are used to supply materials to the pumps from containers such as the bucket shown (but not numbered). Siphon tubes 3 are attached to the inlet of positive displacement reciprocating piston pumps 4 such as those manufactured by Graco Inc., the assignee of the instant invention.

Piston pumps 4 are powered by double acting air cylinders 5 of the type commonly known and manufactured by a variety of producers such as Bimba or American. Movement of the double acting air cylinders is sensed by pump position sensors 6. Sensors 6 are preferably magneto-restrictive position sensors such as those manufactured by MTS Systems Corporation.

The system is provided with a power assembly 8 comprised of a cord, power supply and intrinsically safe barrier. Electronic controller 9 is used to select the ratio. The three ratio select knobs 10 are used to select the ratio with a zero selection turning off that component or source. A ratio lock-out key 11 allows the user, or often the supervisor of the individual using the unit, to lock in a ratio preventing inadvertent or undesired

adjustment of the ratio away from the desired setting. Pump independent function 12 allows running each individual pump in order to prime and flush out the system and for performing diagnostics. Pump test function 13 runs each individual pump to dispense equal amounts of fluid from the sample valves to verify the mechanical pump systems are performing properly. Batch dispense function 14 runs each individual pump to dispense a fixed total amount of fluid from the sample valves at the desired ratio. An example for use of this function might be that while normal production takes place by spraying from a spray gun 25 directly as shown in the drawings, touch-up work might be performed using a cup gun and the batch dispense allows dispensing of a small amount of fluid which can be used in the cup of the gun for touch-up work.

Run button 15 continuously runs the pumps in a sequential manner to dispense the materials at the selected ratio. Stop button 16 stops any function currently in operation. Error light 17 flashes a red light with a specific code when the controller detects an error. Power light 18 on the power supply indicates when power is supplied to the controller. Three-way fluid valves 19 allow directing fluid to the gun or to sampling orifices. Fluid sampling orifices 20 are provided for collecting samples. Air and fluid hoses 21 perform their respective functions (air is supplied to the double acting air cylinders while the fluid carries individual material components to the mix manifold 22 having an integral pressure regulator). Integrator hose 23 helps mix the material after the mix manifold in conjunction with typical static mixers 24 at the beginning and end of integrator hose 23 which is in turn connected to the inlet of a spray gun 25. (Air hose 21 also provides air to spray gun 25)

In operation, the components are dispensed sequentially similar to the system utilizing Graco's PRECISIONMIX product and described generally in European Patent Number EP0116879. If a two component material is being dispensed at 3:1, the "A" pump would dispense three increments (in the preferred embodiment an increment represents 0.1 inches of stroke travel for a dispense volume of .4526 cc) then one increment of "B" is dispensed and then the cycle repeats.

This system is designed so that the components of the mixed ratios must be integers so that if for instance a manufacture specifies a 2½:1 ratio, the user would select 5:2 on the control panel. Similarly for a three component material at, for example, 3:1:1, the "A" pump would dispense three increments, the "B" pump one increment, and the "C" pump one increment with the process thence repeating.

It is contemplated that various changes and modifications may be made to the proportioner without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the following claims.



**CLAIMS**

1. An apparatus for dispensing plural component materials having at least first and second components and a desired ratio between said components, said apparatus comprising:

5 first and second reciprocating pumps, each of said pumps having a stroke and being connected to one of said components;

first and second reciprocating drivers, each driver being connected to drive one of said pumps and forming a driver-pump set;

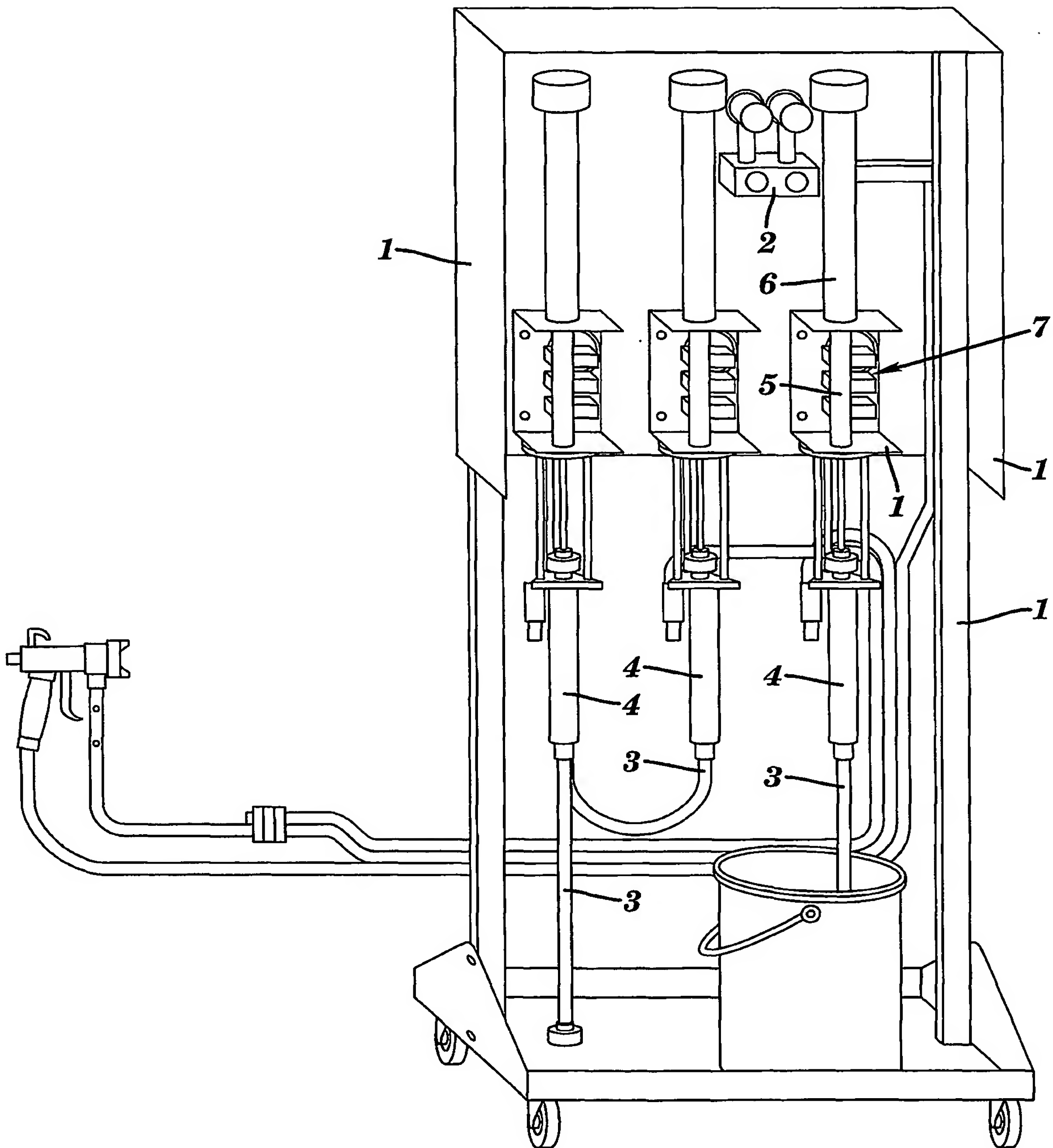
10 a position sensor attached to each said driver-pump set, each said position sensor outputting increments of resolution corresponding to a fixed volume being pumped by the driver-pump set to which it is connected; and

a controller attached to said drivers and said position sensors to alternately move one of said driver-pump sets one said increment and the other of said driver-pump sets the product of one increment and said ratio.

15 2. The apparatus for dispensing plural component materials of claim 1 wherein said position sensors are magneto-restrictive.

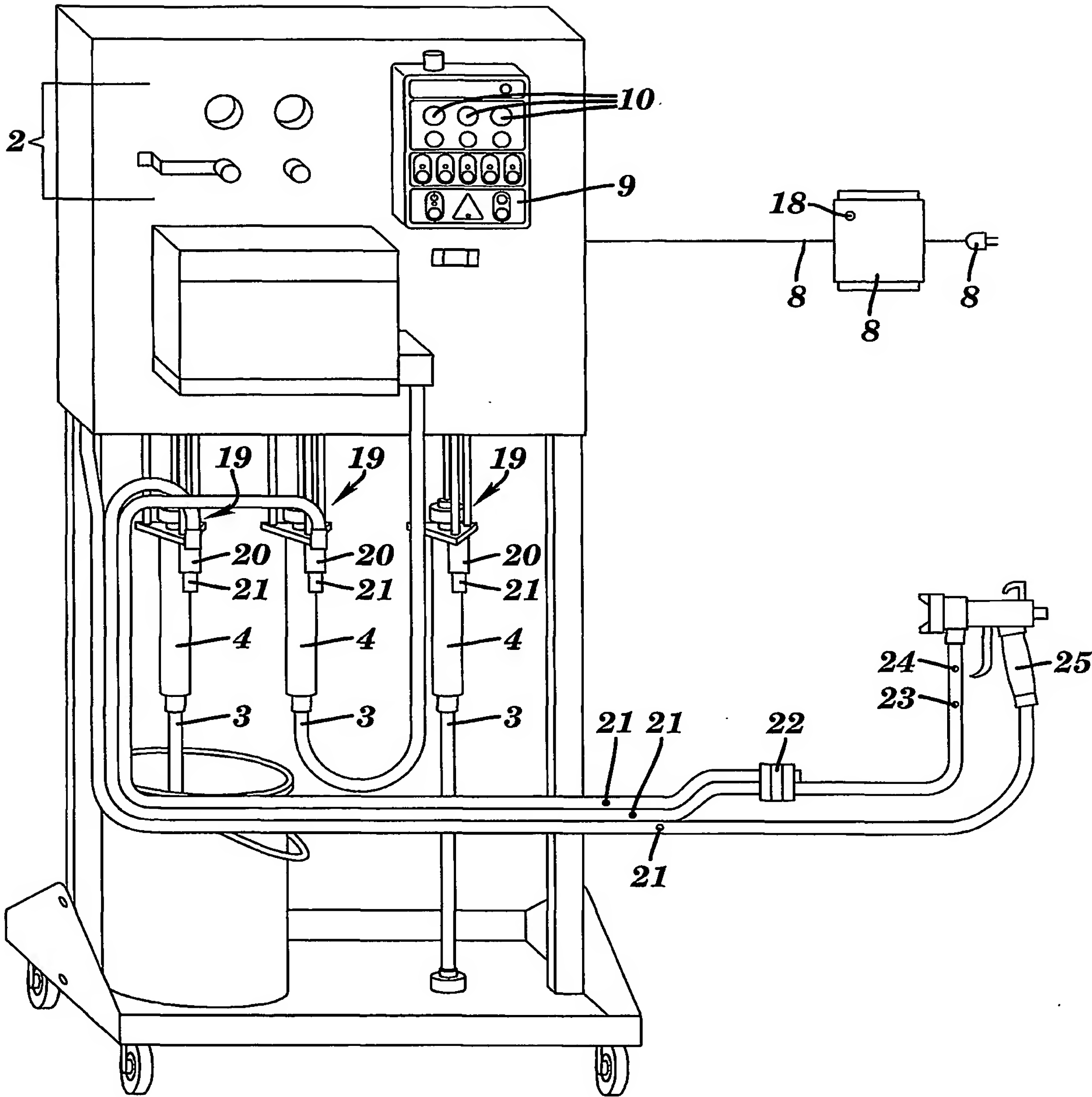
3. The apparatus for dispensing plural component materials of claim 1 wherein said resolution increments are substantially less than said stroke.

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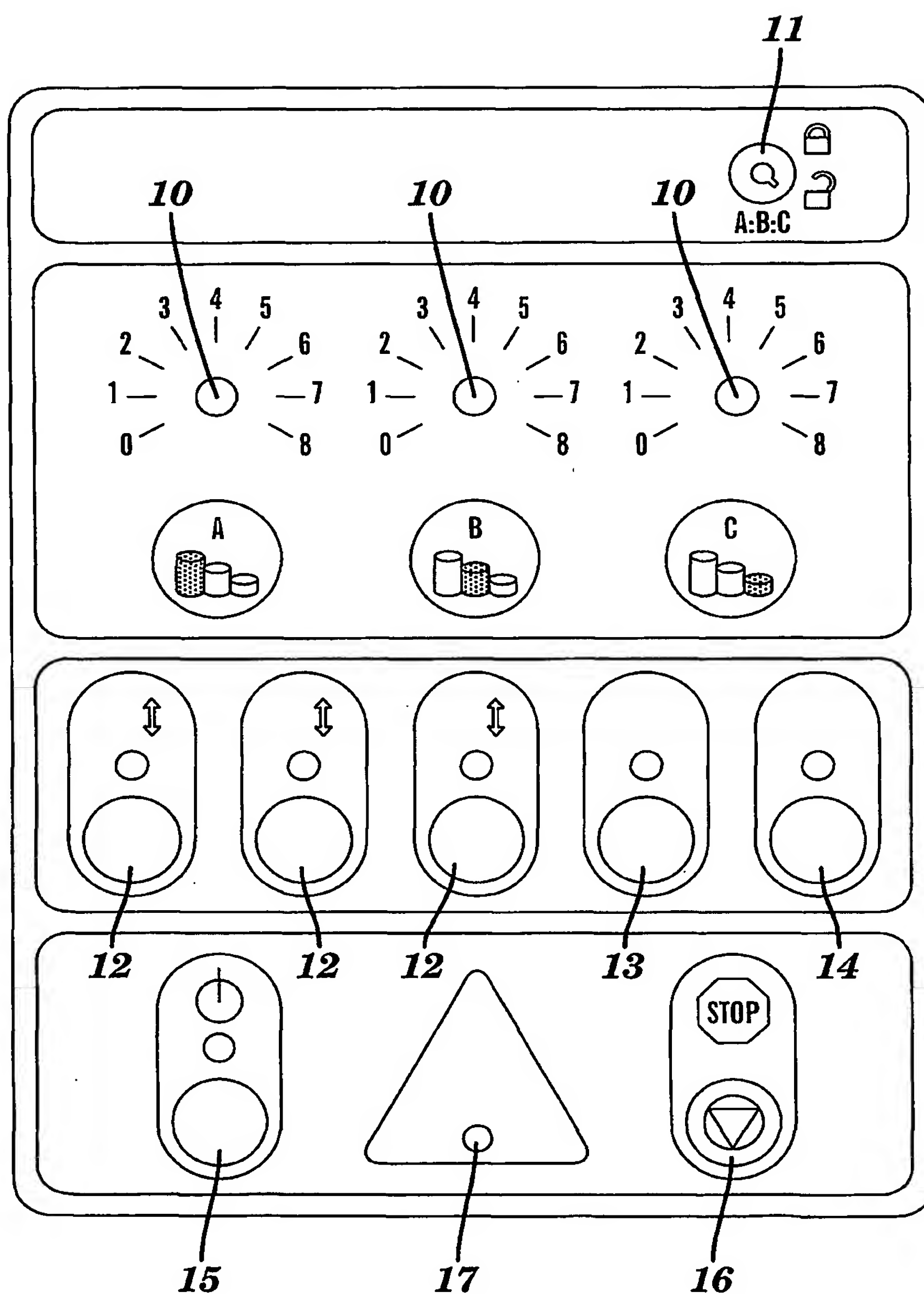
**FIG. 1**

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**FIG. 2**

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**FIG. 3**

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US01/06904

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(7) : B01F 15/04; G05D 11/13, 11/02  
US CL : 222/063

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)  
U.S. : 222/ 057, 063, 135, 309

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 3,908,862 A (CHANDRA et al.) 30 September 1975 (30.09.1975), column 2, line 64 - column 6, line 22.	1-3
A	US 4,275,822 A (JUFFA et al.) 30 June 1981 (30.06.1981), abstract.	
A	US 4,494,676 A (BERWEGR) 22 January 1985 (22.01.1985), abstract.	
A	US 5,605,252 A (OWEN et al.) 25 February 1997 (25.02.1997), abstract.	

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.

☐ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
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"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	"&" document member of the same patent family
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